Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-10 (Cancelled).

11. (Currently Amended) A method of producing a chewable mass for remineralization of tooth enamel, including the steps of comprising:

preparing an aqueous solution of at least one acidifying agent that is suitable as a foodstuff;

adding a reactive calcium source to said aqueous solution; adding the solution to a thickener, wherein said thickener is gelatin,

wherein phosphoric acid is added during at least one of
said preparing and adding steps;

thoroughly mixing all components to form a mass; shaping said mass; and drying the mass.

wherein the mass comprises a calcium content of between 50 and 150 mMol/kg and a phosphoric acid content of between 15 and 500 mMol/kg, wherein the mass comprises a calcium content of between 50 and 150 mMol/kg and a phosphoric acid content of between 15 and 500 mMol/kg.

Claim 12 (Cancelled).

- 13. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 11, which includes mixing various acidifying agents as a reactant for said preparing step.
- 14. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 11, wherein said at least one acidifying agent comprises at least one of the group consisting of carboxylic acids and fruit acids.
- 15. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 14, wherein said carboxylic acids include lactic acid.
- 16. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 14, wherein said fruit acids include pyruvic acid, citric acid and malic acid.

- 17. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim
 11, wherein said aqueous solution of said preparing step
 contains a <u>first</u> calcium-complexing acid, and wherein a further
 calcium-complexing acid is added to such aqueous solution that
 is more powerful than is said first calcium-complexing acid.
- 18. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim

 17, wherein said further calcium-complexing acid is at least one

 of malic acid [[or]] and citric acid, and wherein said first

 calcium-complexing acid is pyruvic acid.
- 19. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 11, wherein said calcium source is at least one of the group consisting of calcium oxide, calcium hydroxide and calcium carbonate.
- 20. (Previously Presented) A chewable mass produced by the method of claim 11.

Claims 21-23 (Cancelled).

24. (New) A method according to claim 11, wherein the chewable mass is transparent and homogeneous.

25. (New) A method according to claim 11, wherein the chewable mass is fruit gum.

TOTAL TOTAL

26. (New) A method of producing a chewable mass for remineralization of tooth enamel, comprising:

preparing an aqueous solution of at least one acidifying agent that is suitable as a foodstuff,

wherein said aqueous solution of said preparing step contains a first calcium-complexing acid, and

wherein a further calcium-complexing acid is added to such aqueous solution that is more powerful than is said first calcium-complexing acid;

adding a reactive calcium source to said aqueous solution; adding the solution to a thickener, wherein said thickener is gelatin,

wherein phosphoric acid is added during at least one of said preparing and adding steps;

thoroughly mixing all components to form a mass; shaping said mass; and drying the mass,

wherein the mass comprises a calcium content of between 50 and 150 mMol/kg and a phosphoric acid content of between 15 and 500 mMol/kg.

- 27. (New) A method according to claim 26, which includes mixing various acidifying agents as a reactant for said preparing step.
- 28. (New) A method according to claim 26, wherein said at least one acidifying agent comprises at least one of the group consisting of carboxylic acids and fruit acids.
- 29. (New) A method according to claim 28, wherein said carboxylic acids include lactic acid.
- 30. (New) A method according to claim 28, wherein said fruit acids include pyruvic acid, citric acid and malic acid.
- 31. (New) A method according to claim 26, wherein said further calcium-complexing acid is at least one of malic acid and citric acid, and wherein said first calcium-complexing acid is pyruvic acid.

- 32. (New) A method according to claim 26, wherein said calcium source is at least one of the group consisting of calcium oxide, calcium hydroxide and calcium carbonate.
- 33. (New) A chewable mass produced by the method of claim 26.
- 34. (New) A method according to claim 26, wherein the chewable mass is transparent and homogeneous.
- 35. (New) A method according to claim 26, wherein the chewable mass is fruit gum.